4th HEPATITIS C TECHNICAL ADVISORY GROUP TAG Meeting

LONG-TERM HEALTH OUTCOME AMONG HCV PATIENTS WITH ADVANCED LIVER FIBROSIS TREATED THROUGH THE HCV ELIMINATION PROGRAM

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 Evaluation of long-term treatment outcome among patients with advanced liver fibrosis treated with DAAs after achieving sustained viral response (SVR)

Objectives

Recruit and follow a cohort of HCV-infected persons with advanced liver fibrosis enrolled in HCV Elimination Program to estimate:

- Changes in liver fibrosis level;
- Changes in liver enzymes and platelets;
- The risk of decompensated liver cirrhosis.

Participating clinics

- Neolab
- Infectious diseases clinic
- Hepa
- Mrcheveli









Methods

- Study cohort included patients who:
 - completed full course of the DAA treatment through HCV elimination program in Georgia
 - had advanced liver fibrosis level by elastography
 (≥F3) or FIB4 score (≥3.25)

achieved SVR at week 12-24 post treatment

Methods

- Study cohort selected form patients enrolled in HCV elimination program in May-December, 2015;
- Follow-up visits performed in Nov/2017 Jun/2018 (~2 years after SVR achieved)
- Baseline data: extracted from medical records
- Follow-up data: prospectively collected

Methods

- Baseline and post treatment changes were evaluated:
- Liver fibrosis level (in kpa or FIB4 score)
- ALT
- AST
- PLTs
- Spleen size
- Presence of ascites



Totally 600 patients were enrolled (150 patients from each clinic)

Demographic characteristics of the sample

Characteristic	Ν	%
Age		
18 – 49	250	41.7
≥ 50	350	58.3
Gender		
Female	85	14.2
Male	515	85.8

Results

Baseline clinical characteristics of the sample

Characteristic	Ν	%
Liver fibrosis		
F3	80	13.3
F4	450	75.0
Ascites		
Present	12	2.0
Not present	586	97.7

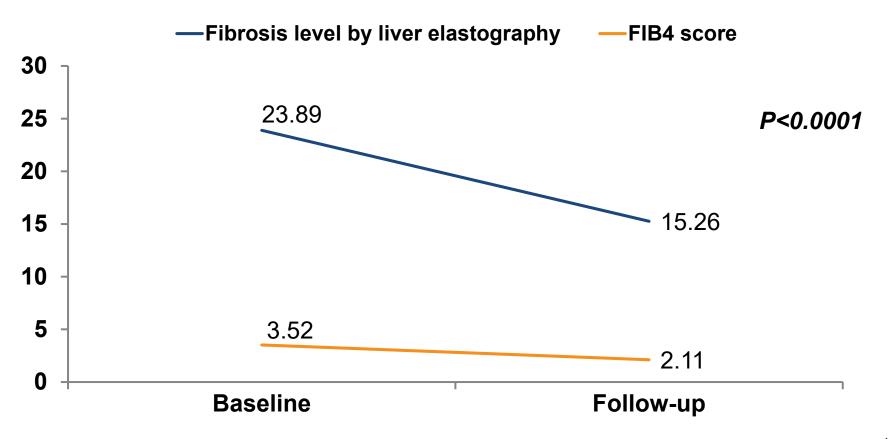


Baseline clinical characteristics of the sample

Characteristic	Mean
FIB4 score	3.52
ALT	111.55 u/ml
AST	89.75 u/ml
HB	14.79 g/dL
PLTs	159 10 ⁹ /L
Spleen size	136X56 mm

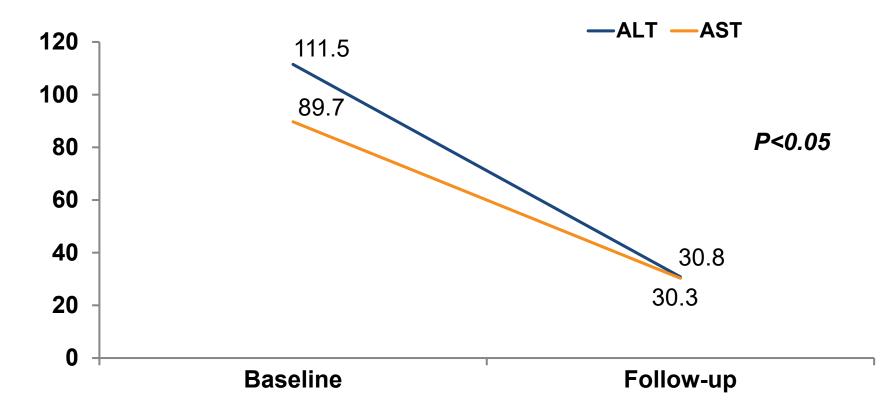


Changes in mean liver fibrosis level



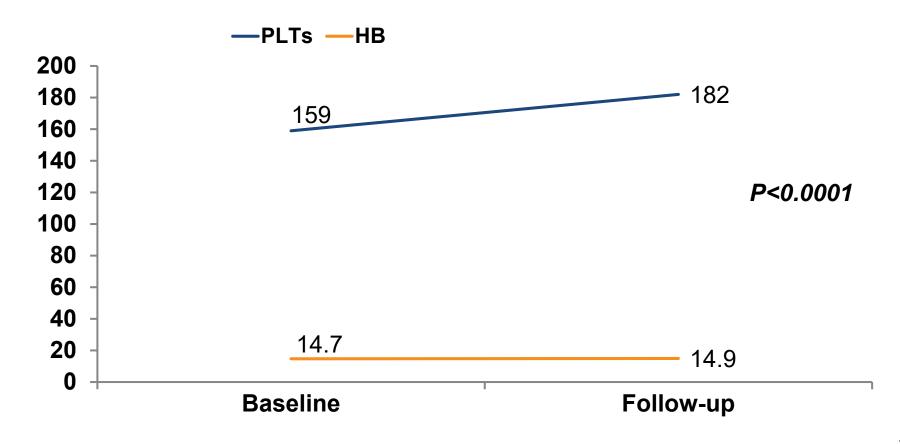
Results

Changes in mean serum ALT and AST levels



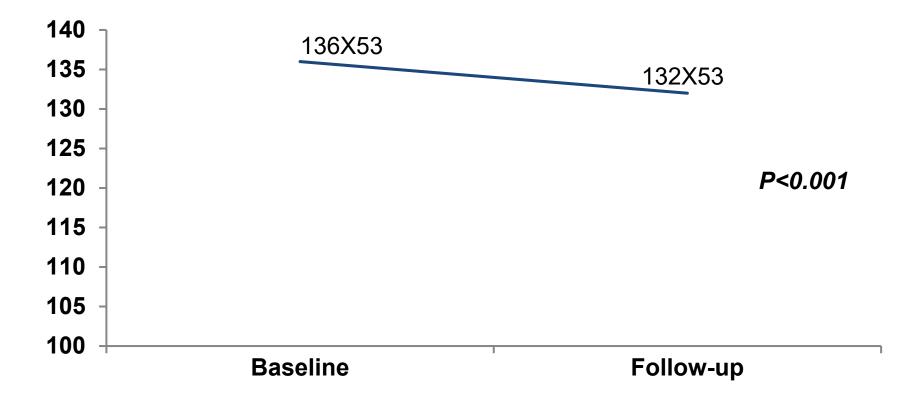


Changes in mean PLT count and HB level

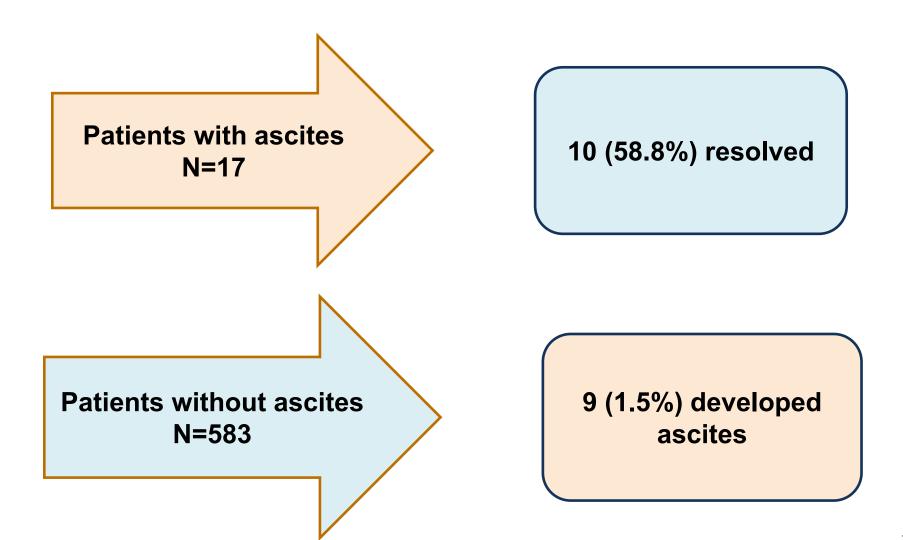




Changes in mean spleen size



Results



Conclusion

Significant improvement in liver fibrosis level and different clinical and laboratory measures was observed 2 years after achieving SVR among patients with advanced liver fibrosis treated with DAAs through HCV elimination program.

Next steps

- Estimate the risk of HCC development
- Estimate lethal outcomes (extract information from national database)
- Follow-up investigations at year 3, 4 and 5 post treatment (if funding will be available)

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THANK YOU !!!